

Assistance is rendered by the promotion of co-operative marketing of farm products, the promotion of the live-stock industry, encouragement of exhibitions, the payment of part of the cost of ground limestone, the growing and marketing of wild fruits, the formation and establishment of boys' and girls' clubs, and other efforts directed to the welfare of agriculture generally.

Since the outbreak of war, special emphasis has been placed on the development of the bacon, dairy and poultry industries, with the result that production in these branches has been increased to a very high level. Special policies have been promoted to encourage these branches of farm industry, and also in the development of seed potato production.

**Nova Scotia.**—Provincial agricultural policies in Nova Scotia are administered by the Department of Agriculture and Marketing, with the Minister's Office and those of the Director of Marketing, Statistician and Superintendent of Immigration, Publicity Representative, Forest Products Representative and Provincial Exhibition Commission, situated at Halifax. Many of the technical officials and the Land Settlement Board are located at the Agricultural College and Farm, Truro. Divisions of the Department include: extension service, agricultural societies, associations and exhibitions; dairying; poultry; live stock; entomology and botany; agronomy; animal husbandry; soils and fertilizer; horticulture; apiculture; animal pathology; agricultural engineering; and women's institutes.

**New Brunswick.**—The divisions of the Department of Agriculture of New Brunswick are as follows: live-stock and agricultural societies; dairying; herd improvement; soils and crops; poultry; horticulture; women's institutes; extension; industry, immigration and farm settlement; field husbandry; beekeeping; agricultural engineering; fur; and credit unions and co-operatives.

**Quebec.**—The Department of Agriculture of Quebec is divided into the following branches: rural economics; extension; animal husbandry; horticulture; field husbandry; information and research. Each branch is divided into sections dealing with particular problems. There are also many other special activities such as the Farm Credit Bureau, the Drainage Bureau, the Dairy Industry Commission, and the Agriculture Merit Competition for junior and senior farmers. A provincial entomologist and a botanist are also included on the staff of the Department.

Co-operation is the key-note of better farming in the Province and takes practical form in 462 agricultural co-operatives, 93 agricultural societies, 668 farmers' clubs, 136 young farmers' clubs and 850 farm women's clubs.

Agricultural instruction is given in 3 Colleges of Agriculture leading to the B.S.A. Degree, in 17 secondary Schools of Agriculture and in 6 Agricultural Orphanages.

**Ontario.**—The Ontario Department of Agriculture includes the following branches: statistics and publications; agricultural and horticultural societies; live stock; women's institutes; dairy; fruit; agricultural representatives; crops, seeds and weeds; co-operation and markets, including administration of the Farm Products Control Board and the Act *re* credit unions; and the Milk Control Board. The Department is responsible for the administration of the Ontario Agricultural College, the Ontario Veterinary College, the Kemptville Agricultural School, the experimental farms at Guelph, Ridgeway and Vineland, and demonstration farms at New Liskeard and Hearst.